



# Celebrating **DIVERSE HOLIDAYS** In December



SPreading understanding and light this  
holiday season

Name: \_\_\_\_\_





# **TABLE OF CONTENTS**

**Alternate Cover Page – Page 3**

**Season of Light – Page 4**

**The Importance of Celebrating Diverse Holidays – Pages 6**

**Winter Holidays Poem – Page 11**

**Bodhi Day – Page 12**

**St. Lucia Day – Page 16**

**Las Posadas – Page 17**

**Hanukkah – Page 20**

**Yaldā Night – Page 23**

**Christmas – Page 26**

**Kwanzaa – Page 27**

**Book Recommendations – Page 30**

**Quiz – Page 31**





# December is a **SEASON OF LIGHT**

celebrated by people from all around the world



Learning about and celebrating holidays of different religions and cultures is a beautiful way to spread light and love this holiday season.

Name: \_\_\_\_\_



December is a

SEASON OF

LIGHT

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world.



## December is a SEASON OF LIGHT

- Christians light candles for advent.
- Jews light candles on the menorah for Hanukkah.
- Buddhists celebrate light on Bodhi Day.
- People of African heritage light candles on the kinara for Kwanzaa.
- People of Iranian heritage celebrate the triumph of light over darkness during Yalda.
- Those of Mexican or Latin-American heritage walk in a candle-lit procession for Las Posadas.



It's important to  
remember, not everyone  
in our communities or  
schools celebrates the  
same holidays.



It's fun to learn about  
the different holidays  
people celebrate during  
the holiday season.



Learning about and  
celebrating holidays of  
different religions and  
cultures is a beautiful  
way to spread light  
and love this holiday  
season.





Saying

"Happy Holidays"

is a respectful way to  
wish everyone a  
happy holiday season,  
especially if you don't  
know the holidays  
they celebrate.



Did you know there  
are a lot of different  
holidays celebrated by  
people in the United  
States in the month of  
December?

**December 8: Bodhi Day**

**December 13: St. Lucia Day**

**December 16 - 24: Las Posadas**

**December 18-26: Hanukkah**

**December 21: Yaldā Night**

**December 25: Christmas**

**December 26-Jan 1: Kwanzaa**



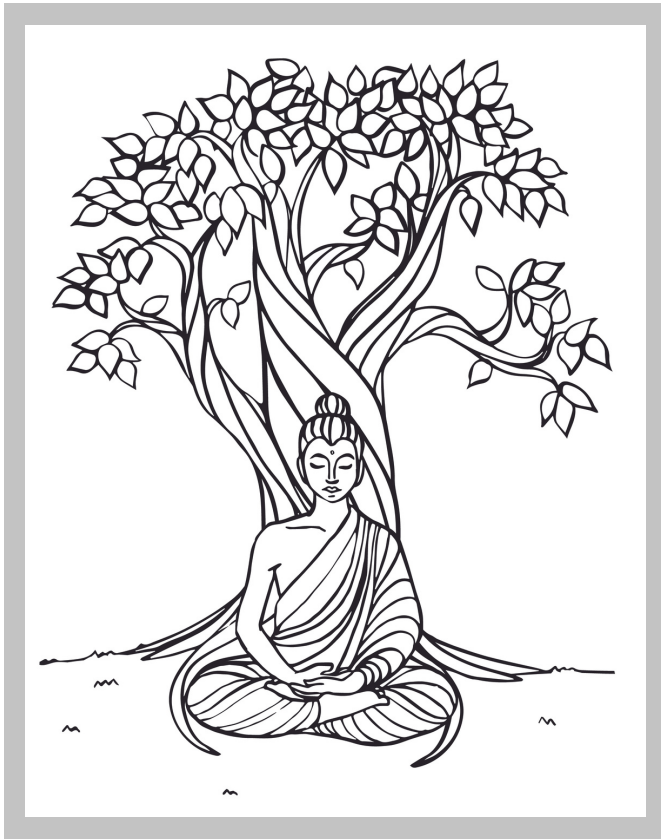
So many holidays in December  
Here's a poem to help you remember.  
First they're Chanukkah, Festival of Lights,  
A Jewish tradition that lasts eight nights.  
In Sweden we have Saint Lucia's Day,  
The girls in white serve buns on trays.  
Travel to Mexico for Las Posadas,  
With fiestas, parades, food, and pinatas.  
Now for a holiday celebrated by Christians  
in the USA,  
Lots of kids excited for Christmas Day,  
With Christmas trees, presents, lights on  
the wall,  
Goodwill to men and peace to all.  
This next holiday will end December,  
A time that African Americans remember,  
At Kwanzaa presents are made by hand,  
Candles are lit, on a mat they stand.  
That's the end of our December  
Hope this helps you to remember.





# Bodhi Day

◆ **December 8**



◆ **A celebration of the day Buddha reached enlightenment**

◆ **Many celebrate the day by meditating and studying, lighting candles, decorating Bodhi trees, and performing kind acts and good works**

**Thousands of candles can be lit from a single candle,  
and the life of the candle  
is not shortened. Happiness never decreases by being  
shared.**

**– Buddha**



# Bodhi Day

**Over 2500 years ago, there lived a wealthy prince called Siddhartha Gautama. He lived in a beautiful palace in Nepal. Siddhartha married and had children but stayed within the palace walls.**

**One day, he decided to see what was outside the palace and immediately he saw people suffering with old age, illness and death. This caused him great concern, as he did not understand how people could live with such things. He then saw a man who looked calm and content with nothing but a begging bowl. Siddhartha was puzzled by what he had seen.**

**It was then Siddhartha decided to give up all his wealth and meditate on these problems under a fig tree. He meditated for a long time until he understood all there was to know about life and how people can help themselves when they are suffering. He reached a high level of understanding and wisdom, which is known as reaching enlightenment.**

**After Siddhartha reached enlightenment, he became the Buddha and began teaching others how to meditate and understand how to change the way they view life and suffering to ease their minds.**

**– [www.twinkl.com](http://www.twinkl.com)**



Whatever words we  
utter should be  
chosen with care for  
people will hear them  
and be influenced by  
them for good or ill.

– Buddha





# BODHI DAY



# St. Lucia Day

**Also called the Feast of Saint Lucy, St. Lucia Day is a day to honor Lucia of Syracuse, one of the earliest Christian martyrs.**

**It is celebrated on December 13th. The story of St. Lucia was originally told by Monks who first brought Christianity to Sweden.**

**St. Lucia was a young Christian girl who was martyred or killed for her faith, in 304. St. Lucia spent her time bringing food to Christians who were being persecuted in Rome. She would put candles on her head so that she could see, but still had free hands to carry the food.**

**St. Lucia's Day is now celebrated by girls wearing a white dress with a red sash around their waist along with a crown of candles on their head. Young girls wear candles that are electric. When girls turn around 12 years of age, they begin to use real candles.**

**It is celebrated on December 13 and is meant to bring hope and light during the darkest time of the year.**

**Celebrated by those of Swedish or Scandinavian descent.**





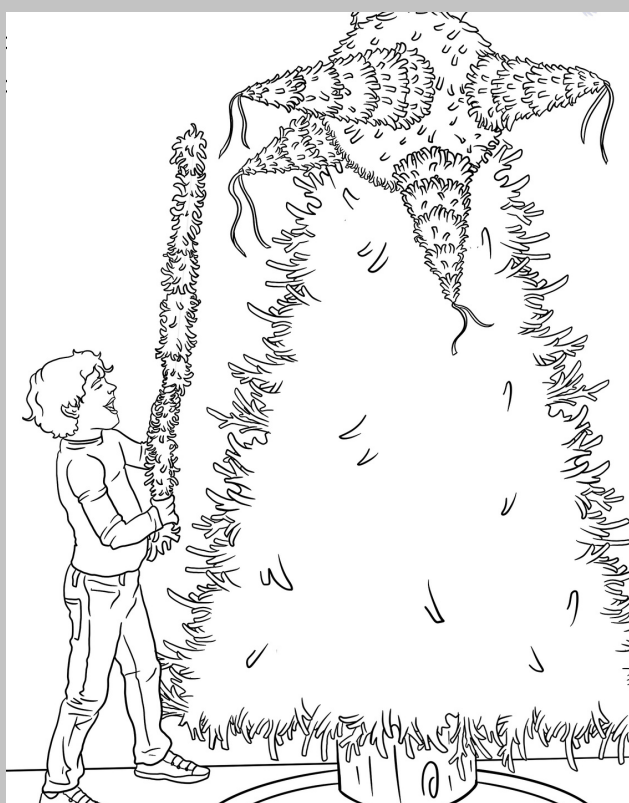


# Las Posadas

◆ **December 16 – 24**

◆ **Commemorates the journey Mary and Joseph made while searching for shelter in Bethlehem**

◆ **Each night a candle-lit procession goes door to door asking if there is room for them to stay. They are turned away until the last house.**



**Although Las Posadas holds deep religious meaning for some, for others, it is a treasured holiday tradition, just like putting up a Christmas tree.**



# Los Posadas

**Los Posadas commemorates the journey that Joseph and Mary made from Nazareth to Bethlehem in search of a safe refuge where Mary could give birth to the baby Jesus.**

**It begins on December 16th and lasts for nine nights, symbolizing the nine months of Mary's pregnancy with baby Jesus.**

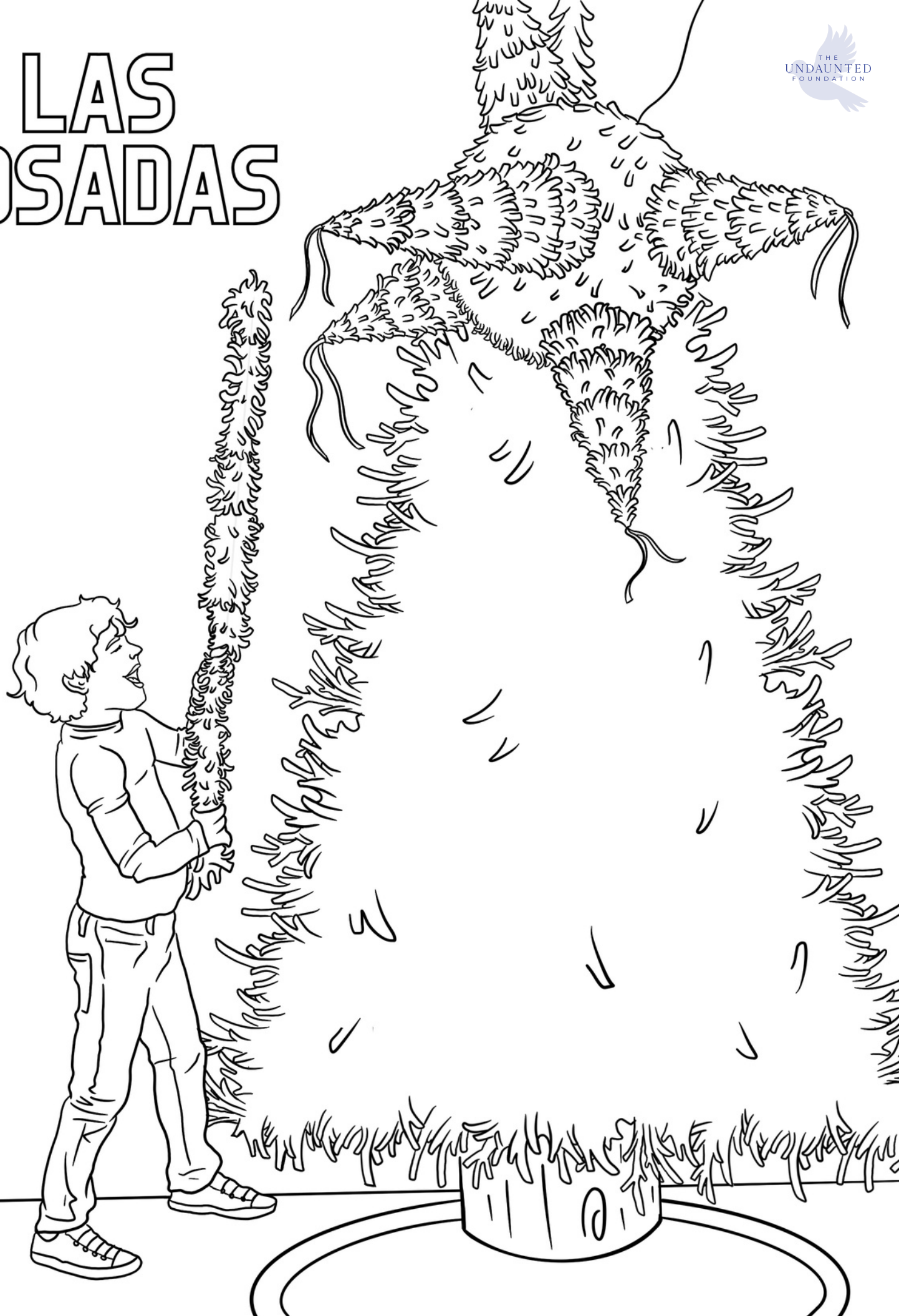
**Each evening during the festival, a small child dressed as an angel leads a procession through the streets of the town. The procession is primarily made up of children dressed in silver and gold robes carrying lit candles and images of Mary and Joseph riding a donkey. Adults, including musicians, follow the procession, which visits selected homes and asks for lodging for Joseph and Mary. Traditionally, the procession is always refused lodging, though the hosts often provide refreshments. At each stop, passages of scripture are read and Christmas carols are sung. At the last stop, the final home allows them entry. Here there is a piñata filled with toys and candy.**

**The last night of the festivities is December 24th which concludes with Christmas Mass at midnight.**

**– Britannica.com**



# LAS POSADAS





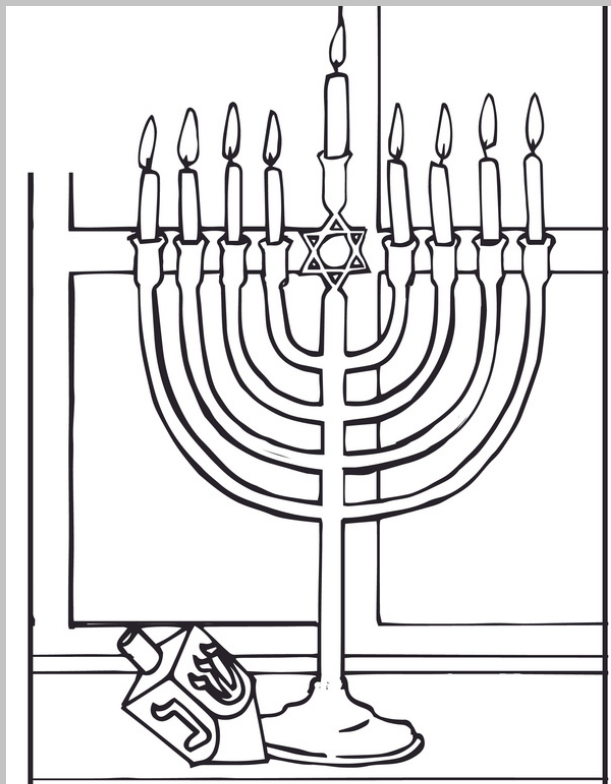
# Hanukkah

◆ **December 18 – Dec 26**

◆ **Eight-day Festival of Lights**

◆ **A celebration of the rededication of the Holy Temple in Jerusalem**

◆ **Celebrated with a nightly menorah lighting, special prayers and songs, fried foods, and playing dreidel**



**A candle is a small thing. But one candle can light another. And see how its own light increases, as a candle gives its flame to the other. You are such a light.**

**– Moshe Davis**





# Hanukkah

**In the second century BCE, the Holy Land was ruled by the Seleucids (Syrian-Greeks), who tried to force the people of Israel to accept Greek culture and beliefs instead of mitzvah observance and belief in G-d. Against all odds, a small band of faithful but poorly armed Jews, led by Judah the Maccabee, defeated one of the mightiest armies on earth, drove the Greeks from the land, reclaimed the Holy Temple in Jerusalem, and rededicated it to the service of G-d.**

**When they sought to light the Temple's Menorah (the seven-branched candelabrum), they found only a single cruse of olive oil that had escaped contamination by the Greeks. Miraculously, they lit the menorah and the one-day supply of oil lasted for eight days, long enough until new oil could be prepared under conditions of ritual purity.**

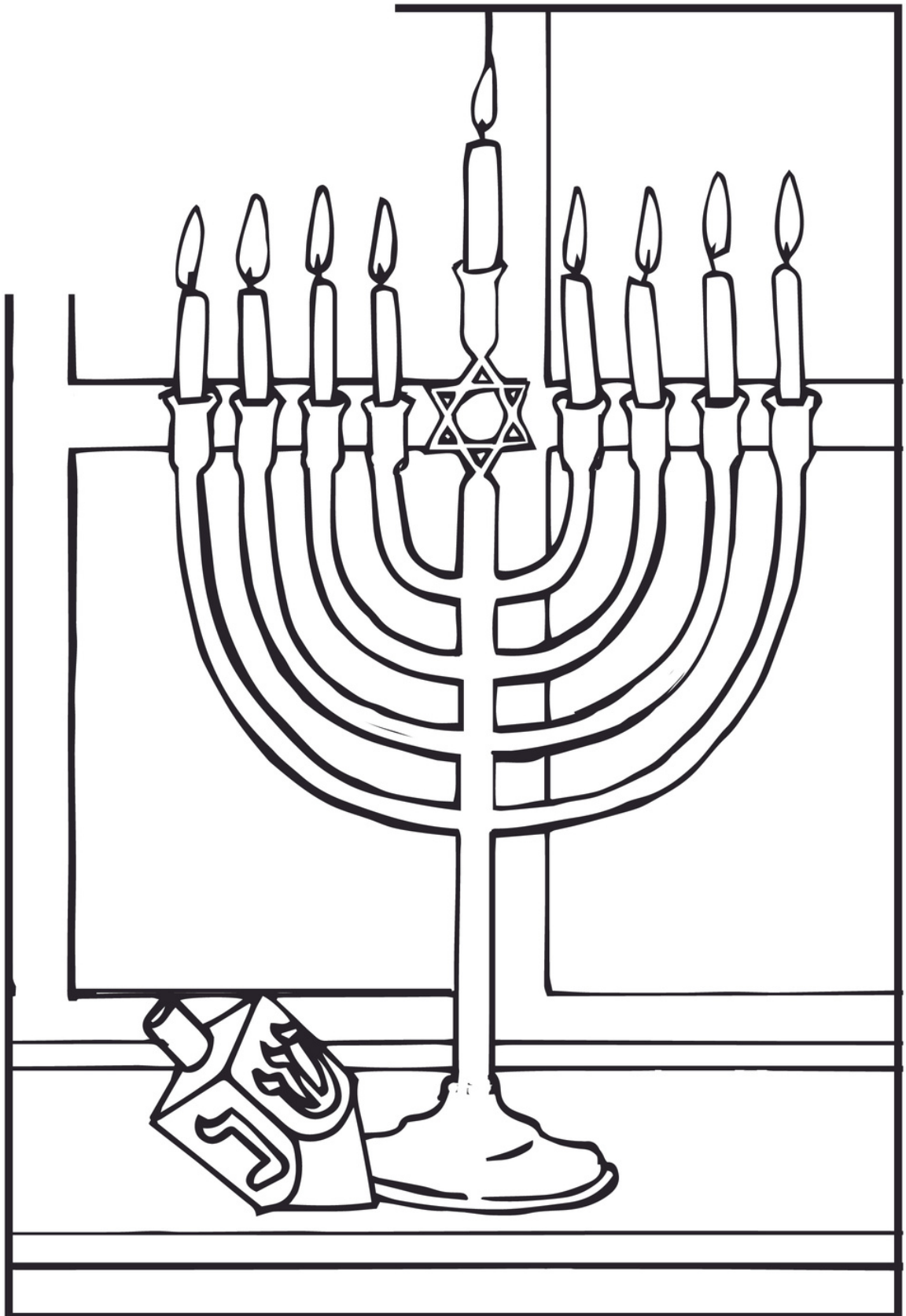
**To commemorate and publicize these miracles, the sages instituted the festival of Chanukah (also spelled Hanukkah).**

**Chanukah means "dedication" in Hebrew and is also known as the Festival of Lights.**

**– [www.chabad.org](http://www.chabad.org)**



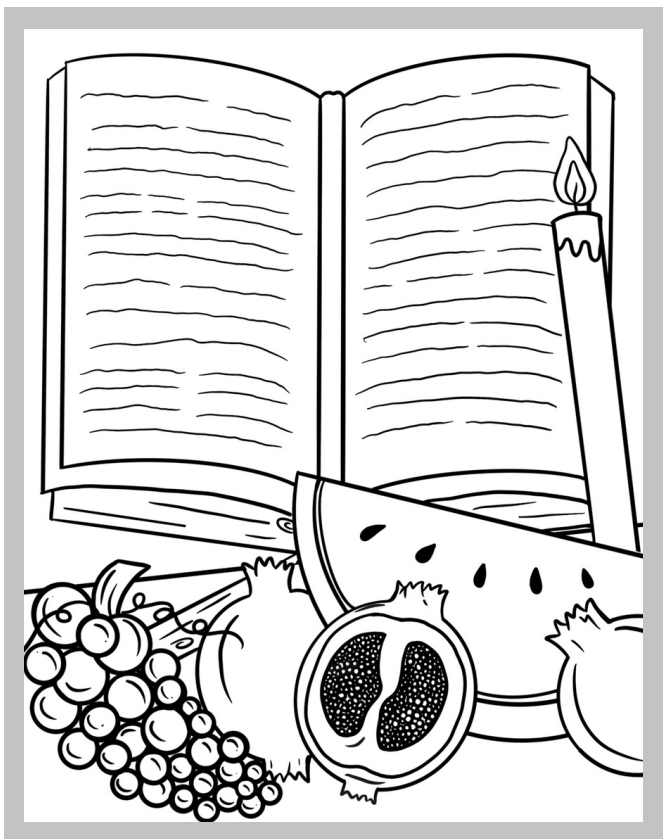
# HANUKKAH





# Yaldā Night

◆ **December 21**



- ◆ **A winter solstice festival celebrated on the longest and darkest night of the year.**
- ◆ **Celebrates the triumph of light over darkness, with pomegranates, poetry, and sacred rituals with family and friends.**

**While Christmas and Yalda are celebrated just a few days apart, the celebrations hold similar traditions and values. Family, love, resilience, rebirth and a triumph of light over dark.**

**– Pardis Mahdavi**



# Yaldā Night

**Celebrated by Iranians and Persians around the world to remember the victory of light over darkness and the rebirth of the sun.**

**A winter solstice festival, it is celebrated on the longest night of the year.**

**The ancient Persians believed that the longest night of the year was the unlucky night where Ahriman, the Evil Spirit, was the most powerful. So, people gathered with friends and family and stayed awake all night. They told stories, read famous Iranian poetry, ate delicious food, and celebrated the victory of light over darkness. People believed that Ahriman had been defeated because days were getting longer as the spring approached.**

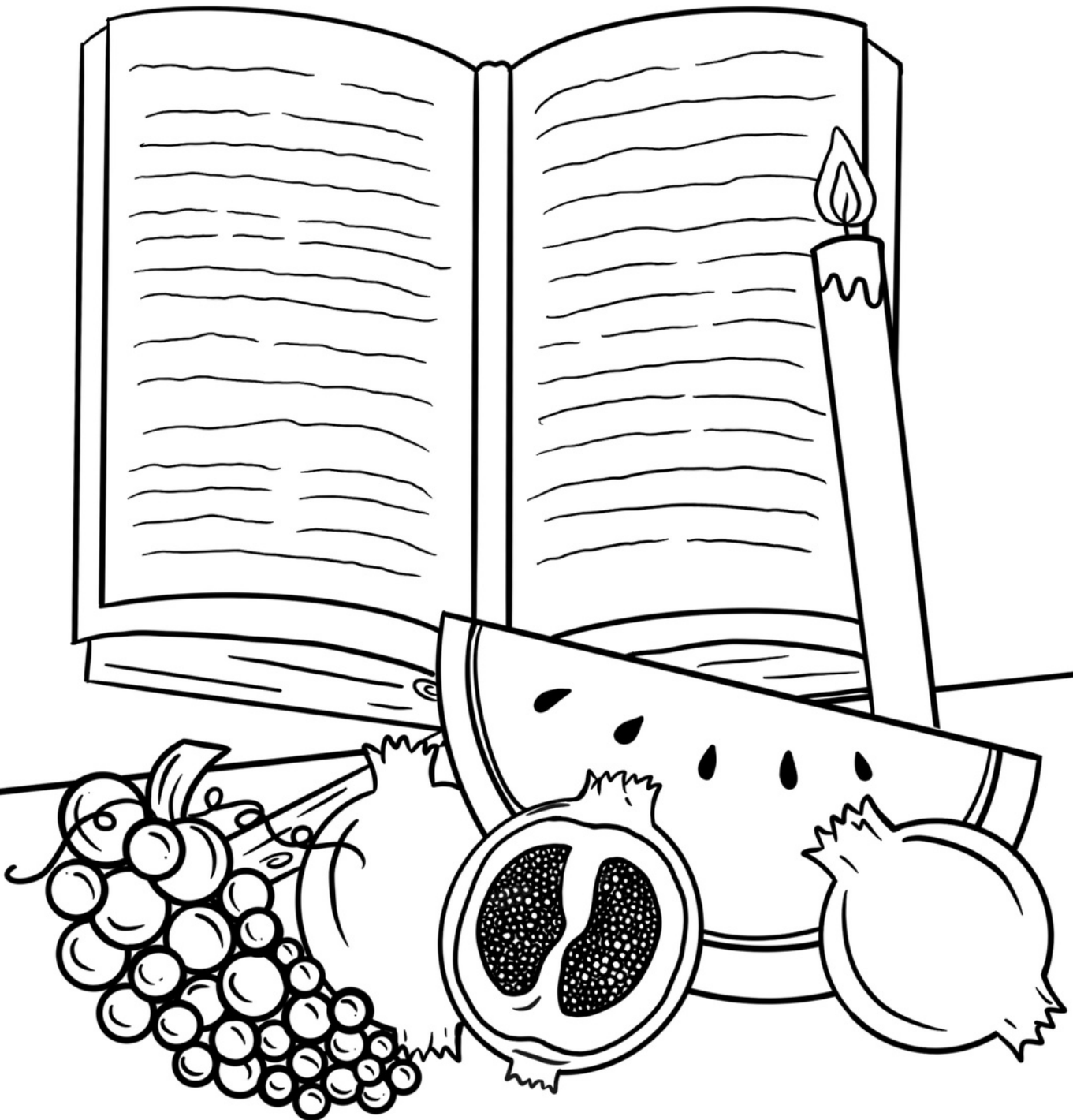
**Similar traditions are carried out today to celebrate Yaldā. Eating pomegranates and watermelons are an important part of the celebrations as they are believed to bring good fortune and symbolize the sun and new life.**

**– Zoroastriankids.com**





# YALDĀ



# Christmas

**Christians celebrate Christmas on December 25th to honor the birth of Jesus Christ, the Son of God.**

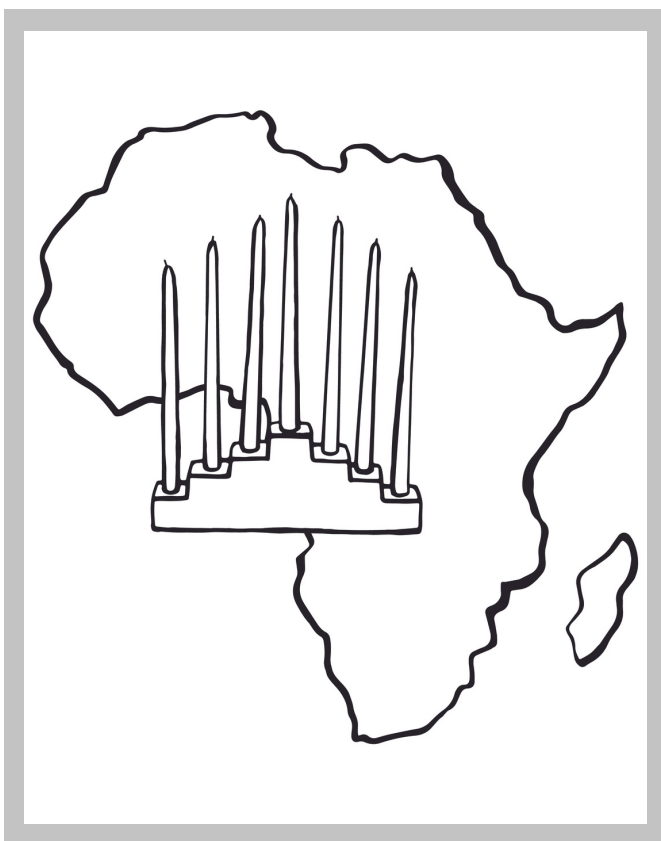
**Christians believe He was born about 2000 years ago to redeem mankind and give eternal life.**





# Kwanzaa

◆ **December 26 – Jan 1**



◆ **A celebration of African culture and heritage**

◆ **Each day of Kwanzaa focuses on one value:  
self-determination, unity, collective work and responsibility, cooperative economics, purpose, creativity, and faith.**

**Kwanzaa is a special time to remember the ancestors,  
the bridge-builders, and the leaders.**

**– Dorothy Winbusy Riley**



# Kwanzaa

**During the week of Kwanzaa, families and communities come together to share a feast, to honor the ancestors, affirm the bonds between them, and to celebrate African and African American culture.**

**Each day they light a candle to highlight the principle of that day and to breathe meaning into the principles with various activities, such as reciting the sayings or writings of great Black thinkers and writers, reciting original poetry, African drumming, and sharing a meal of African diaspora-inspired foods.**

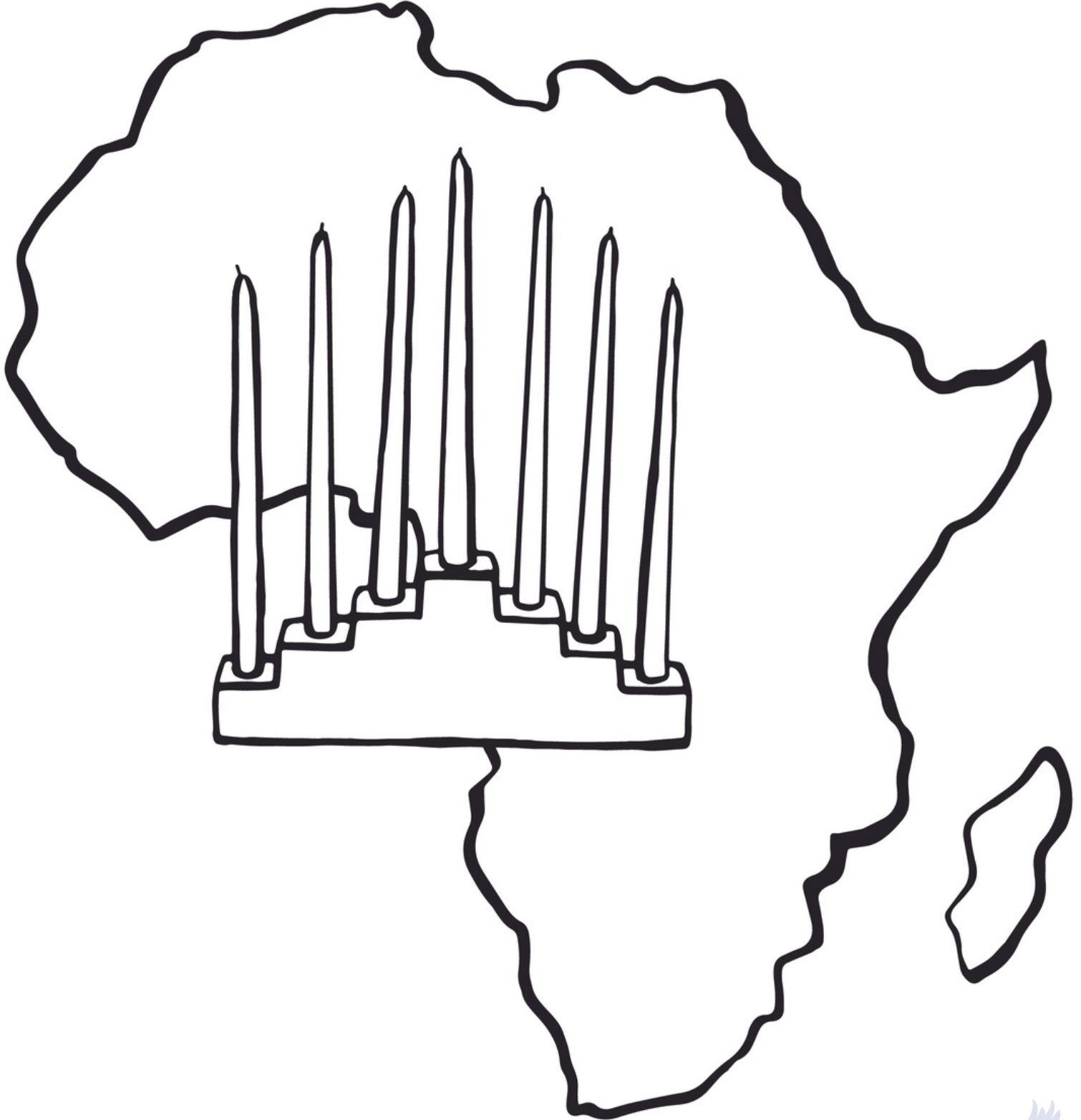
**The table is decorated with the essential symbols of Kwanzaa, such as the Kinara (Candle Holder), Mkeka (Mat), Muhindi (corn to represent the children), Mazao (fruit to represent the harvest), and Zawadi (gifts).**

**One might also see the colors of the Pan-African flag, red (the struggle), black (the people), and green (the future), represented throughout the space and in the clothing worn by participants. These colors were first proclaimed to be the colors for all people of the African diaspora by Marcus Garvey.**

**– National Museum of African American History and Culture**

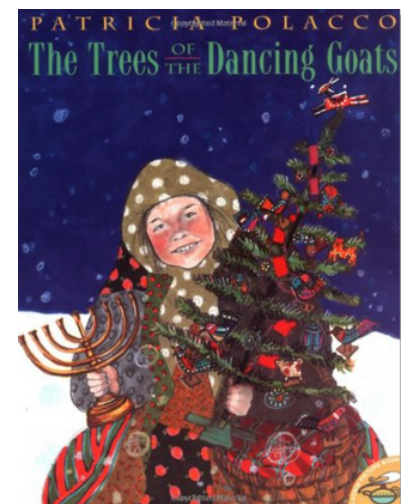
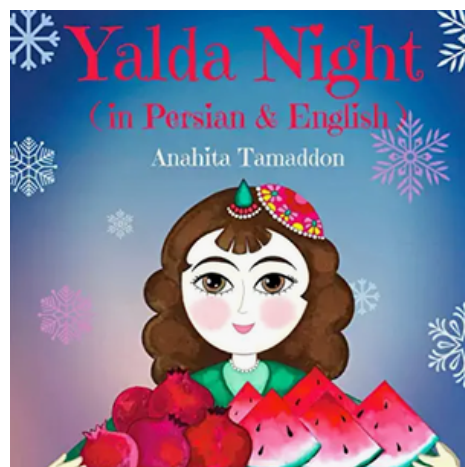
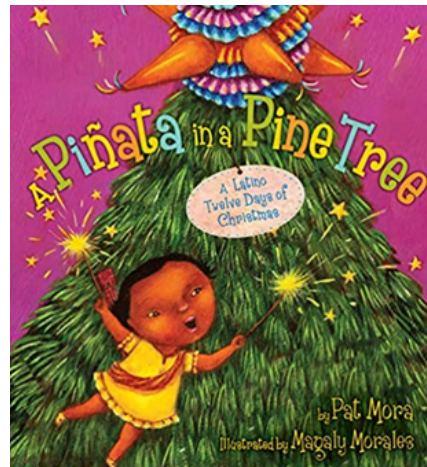
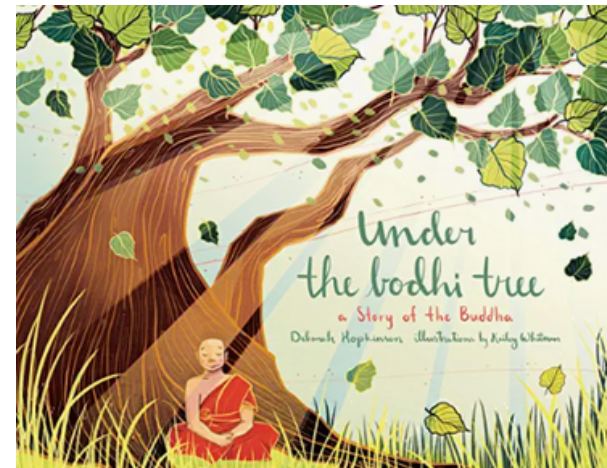
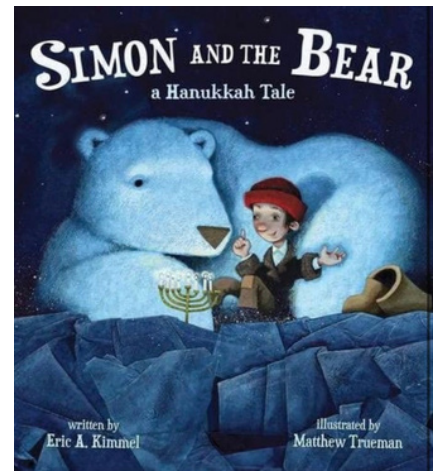
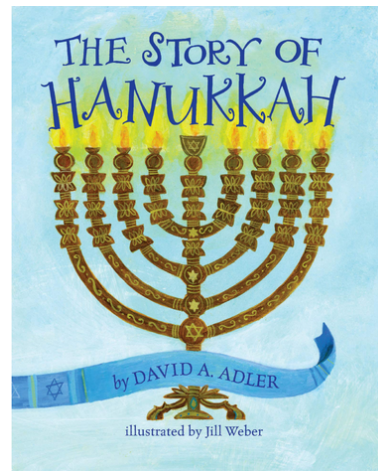


# KWANZA





# Book Recommendations





# Winter Holidays Quiz

- 1. What holiday celebrates the rededication of the holy Temple in Jerusalem?**
- 2. What holiday do people sometimes decorate ficus trees with stringed lights?**
- 3. Which holiday celebrates 7 values, one for each day of the holiday?**
- 4. Which holiday is celebrated on the longest and darkest night of the year?**
- 5. Which holiday lasts nine days?**

**Bonus: What do Hanukkah, Kwanza, Bodhi Day, Yaldā, and Las Posadas all have in common?**

